University of Utah School of Computing

CS 6170 Quiz #3 Spring 2017 Lecturer: Prof. Bei Wang

Name_____

UID_____

Due April 6, 2017 at the end of the class.

The quiz is open-book, open-notes, but close-internet. In particular, no laptops, calculators, cell phones, or other electronic devices are allowed.

The point value of each question is clearly marked, so allocate your time wisely. The quiz is worth a total of 10 points; with a bonus question worth 5 points.

You must complete all work in 10 minutes, there are no exceptions.

This quiz constitutes 10% of your final grade (if you complete the bonus question, you can earn potentially another 5% towards your final grade).

Total _____ (out of 10 points)

Question 1 (Compute a Reeb Graph, 7 points).

Given the following scalar function f on a 2-dimensional manifold X, $f : X \to \mathbb{R}$, complete its corresponding Reeb graph by connecting the marked critical points in Figure 1. The critical points are labeled in increasing height order. (You lose 1 point for every 1 edge you get wrong in the Reeb graph).

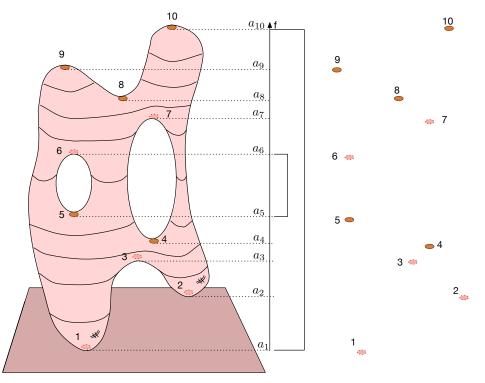


Figure 1: Left: 2-manifold with a height function f defined on it. Right: the corresponding Reeb graph (to be completed).

Question 2 (Persistence Pairing, 3 points).

As shown in Figure 1, suppose each critical point *i* has a height value of a_i , the (extended) persistence diagram of the sublevel set filtration of *f* contains two points (a_5 , a_6) and (a_1 , a_{10}).

Please list the other 3 paris in the persistence diagrams in the form of (a_i, a_j) .

(Bonus) Question 3 (Compute a Reeb Graph, 5 points). Given the following scalar function f on a 2-dimensional manifold \mathbb{X} , $f : \mathbb{X} \to \mathbb{R}$, complete its corresponding Reeb graph by connecting the marked critical points in Figure 2. The critical points are labeled in increasing height order. (You lose 1 point for every 1 edge you get wrong in the Reeb graph). The figure is adaptive from Figure 2 in paper [Extreme Elevation on a 2-Manifold by Agarwal, Edelsbrunner, Harer and Wang].

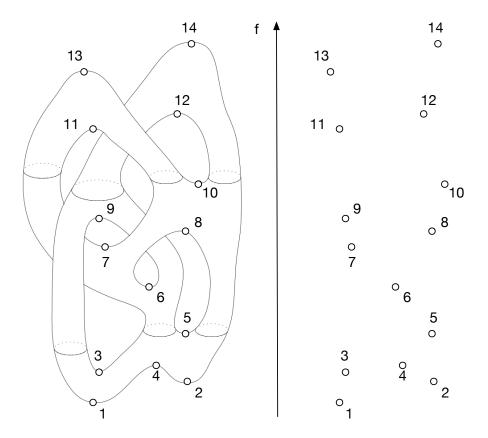


Figure 2: Left: 2-manifold with a height function f defined on it. Right: the corresponding Reeb graph (to be completed).